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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/772,647	02/04/2004	Thomas Gruber	0111458-004	5813
75	90 02/16/2006		EXAMINER	
BELL, BOYD & LLOYD LLC			AZPURU, CARLOS A	
P.O. Box 1135 Chicago, IL 60690-1135			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1615	
			DATE MAILED: 02/16/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Examiner-Initiated Interview Summary	10/772,647	GRUBER, THOMAS
Examiner-initiated interview Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Carlos A. Azpuru	1615
All Participants:	Status of Application:	
(1) <u>Carlos A. Azpuru</u> .	(3)	
(2) Robert M. Gould.	(4)	
Date of Interview: 10 February 2006	Time:	
Type of Interview: ☐ Telephonic ☐ Video Conference ☐ Personal (Copy given to: ☐ Applicant Exhibit Shown or Demonstrated: ☐ Yes ☐ No If Yes, provide a brief description: .	nt's representative)	
Part I.		
Rejection(s) discussed: The rejection under 35 USC 103(a) over Tanner et al in view of P	alermo et al.	
Claims discussed: all		
Prior art documents discussed: see above		
Part II.		
SUBSTANCE OF INTERVIEW DESCRIBING THE GENER See Continuation Sheet	RAL NATURE OF WHAT WAS	S DISCUSSED:
Part III.		
 It is not necessary for applicant to provide a separate redirectly resulted in the allowance of the application. The of the interview in the Notice of Allowability. It is not necessary for applicant to provide a separate redid not result in resolution of all issues. A brief summary 	examiner will provide a writto ecord of the substance of the	en summary of the substance interview, since the interview
o de Character		
(Examiner/SPE Signature) (Applicant/	Applicant's Representative Si	gnature – if appropriate)

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-413B (04-03) Continuation of Substance of Interview including description of the general nature of what was discussed: It was suggested that the claims should be amended to indicate that a color is initially not present (as taught by Tanner et al). Further, it was pointed out by Mr. Gould that the dyes of the instant application are aversive agents and actually stain the abuser. Neither of these features is taught by the cited prior art. If the claims can be amended to show that the composition itself differs according to these limitations, and not just in functional language, the amendment would overcome the rejection under 35 USC 103(a).